# [MS-DPSSAS]: SQL Server Analysis Services Data Portability Overview

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### **Revision Summary**

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
06/04/2010	0.1	Major	First release.

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## **1** Introduction

This document provides an overview of data portability scenarios between Microsoft SQL Server Analysis Services and a vendor's application.

Analysis Services provides a business intelligence (BI) platform that enables end users and IT professionals to efficiently analyze business data. Two primary workloads exist for achieving this:

- **Corporate BI**: In this mode, IT professionals use Business Intelligence Development Studio and Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio to build and manage Analysis Services installations.
- **Self-Service BI**: In this mode, end users build their own solutions by using PowerPivot technologies.

In either mode, Analysis Services databases are built and used by the client tools. Unless specified otherwise, concepts and mechanisms described in this document are applicable to both workloads.

#### 1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [MS-SSAS]:

analysis server
cube
dimension
measure
partition

#### 1.2 References

[MS-SSAS] Microsoft Corporation, "SQL Server Analysis Services Protocol Specification".

[MSDN-AMO] Microsoft Corporation, "Analysis Management Objects", http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms124924.aspx

[MSDN-BIDS] Microsoft Corporation, "Introducing Business Intelligence Development Studio", <a href="http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms173767.aspx">http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms173767.aspx</a>

[MSDN-PROC] Microsoft Corporation, "Analysis Services 2005 Processing Architecture", http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms345142(SQL.90).aspx

[MSDN-SSMS] Microsoft Corporation, "Introducing SQL Server Management Studio", http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms174173.aspx

[MSDN-UDM] Microsoft Corporation, "Unified Dimensional Model", <u>http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms174783(SQL.90).aspx</u>

[MSFT-DM] Microsoft Corporation, "Data Mining Concepts (Analysis Services – Data Mining)", <u>http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms174949.aspx</u>

[MSFT-WBDIM] Microsoft Corporation, "Write-Enabled Dimensions", http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms174540.aspx

[MSFT-WBPT] Microsoft Corporation, "Write-Enabled Partitions", <u>http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms174750.aspx</u>

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## 2 Data Portability Scenarios

Analysis Services imports data from a variety of data sources and makes this data available for analysis by end users. Analysis Services architecture is designed with the assumption that the underlying data source is the master store of this data. This assumption holds for data pushed to Analysis Services through a mechanism called push-mode processing. For more information about push-mode processing, see [MSDN-PROC]. As such, Analysis Services does not provide an efficient bulk data export utility and instead depends on the capabilities of the underlying data source for this purpose.

At the same time, Analysis Services provides support for exporting the definition of objects defined by IT professionals. In addition, Analysis Services enables end users to write data back into Analysis Services. This section describes how to export this data.

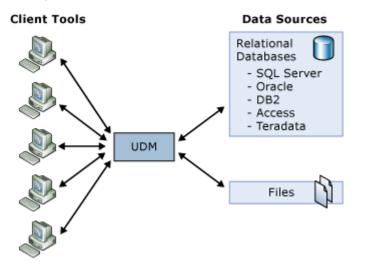
### 2.1 Exporting Metadata

Third-party applications can export definitions of user-created objects stored within Analysis Services.

#### 2.1.1 Data Description

#### 2.1.1.1 Unified Dimensional Model

The Analysis Services metadata model, called a Unified Dimensional Model (UDM), provides a bridge between users and the data sources. A UDM is constructed over one or more physical data sources, and it allows end-user queries using one of a variety of client tools, such as Microsoft® Office Excel®.



#### Figure 1: Unified Dimensional Model

A UDM contains information about:

- Data source connections.
- A schema snapshot for data that exists in a data source.
- The user-visible concepts, such as dimensions, hierarchies, and key performance indicators.

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- Mapping between the user-visible concepts and the underlying data sources.
- Calculations that encapsulate business logic, such as a three-month moving average.
- Security roles and associated authorizations.

For more information about the UDM, see [MSDN-UDM].

A UDM is typically defined by IT professionals using Business Intelligence Development Studio. During the development process, UDM metadata is stored in proprietary XML-based files. Once this UDM definition is complete, it can be deployed by Business Intelligence Development Studio to an **analysis server** by using the SQL Server Analysis Services Protocol [MS-SSAS] where it is stored in a proprietary format. For more information about Business Intelligence Development Studio, see [MSDN-BIDS].

#### 2.1.1.2 Data Mining

Data mining is the process of discovering actionable information from data by using various mathematical analysis techniques. Analysis Services provides data mining support. Within Analysis Services, data mining information is specified as part of a database. For more information about data mining, see [MSFT-DM].

Client tools use the SQL Server Analysis Services Protocol [MS-SSAS] for communicating with both UDM and data mining on an analysis server.

#### 2.1.2 Format and Protocol Summary

The following table provides a comprehensive list of the formats and protocols used in this data portability scenario.

Protocol or format name	Description	Reference
SQL Server Analysis Services Protocol	Specifies methods for a client to communicate with, and perform operations on, an analysis server.	[MS- SSAS]

### 2.1.3 Data Portability Methodology

#### 2.1.3.1 Using Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio

Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio allows implementers to manage instances of Analysis Service servers. For more information about SQL Server Management Studio, see [MSDN-SSMS].

To extract metadata by using SQL Server Management Studio, follow these steps:

- 1. Connect to Analysis Services.
- 2. Select the database to be scripted.
- 3. Right-click the database object to see the context menu, and then select **Script Database as**.
- 4. Retrieve the script to create the database. To do this, select **CREATE To**, and then specify the destination of the script.

The output of these steps results in XML content that contains all metadata objects within the database and that conforms to the XML Schema definition language (XSD) documented in [MS-SSAS].

### 2.1.3.2 Using Analysis Management Objects

The Analysis Management Objects (AMO) object model enables implementers to programmatically manage a running instance of an Analysis Services database. For more information about AMO, see [MSDN-AMO].

To extract metadata by using AMO, follow these steps:

- 1. Use the Server.Connect() method to connect to Analysis Services.
- 2. Initialize a System.Xml.XmlWriter instance, such as System.Xml.XmlTextWriter.
- 3. Use the Server.Connect() method to connect to Analysis Services.
- 4. Flush and close the **System.Xml.XmlWriter** instance.

The output of these steps results in XML content that contains all metadata objects within the database and that conforms to the XSD language documented in [MS-SSAS].

#### 2.1.3.3 Preconditions

To extract the metadata from an Analysis Services database, an Analysis Services server must have the database loaded, and this database must be accessible to the security principal executing the extraction commands.

#### 2.1.3.4 Versioning

None.

#### 2.1.3.5 Error Handling

None.

#### 2.1.3.6 Coherency Requirements

There are no special coherency requirements.

#### 2.1.3.7 Additional Considerations

There are no additional considerations.

#### 2.1.3.7.1 Data Source Connection String

Because of security considerations, any explicit password that is specified in data source connection strings that are sent to Analysis Services cannot be retrieved and must be respecified.

#### 2.2 Exporting Writeback Data

Certain Analysis Services deployments enable interactive updates to dimensions and **partition** data. Writeback features are supported only in Corporate BI mode and are not supported in Self-Service BI mode.

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### 2.2.1 Data Description

#### 2.2.1.1 Dimension Writeback

Dimension writebacks allow implementers to change, move, add, and delete attribute members within a dimension. These updates are stored directly in the data source table, which serves as the source for the dimension. For exporting this data, applications can query the underlying data source directly.

For more information about dimension writeback, see [MSFT-WBDIM].

#### 2.2.1.2 Cube and Partition Writeback

**Cube** writebacks enable implementers to change **measure** data that is stored in a partition.

Once an implementer enables a cube for writeback through Business Intelligence Development Studio, Analysis Services performs the following operations:

- Creates a writeback table in the underlying data source that stores changes made by the end user as a difference from the current value. For example, if an end user changes a cell value from 90 to 100, the value +10 is stored in the writeback table, along with the time of the change and information about the end user who made the change.
- Creates a writeback partition within the cube that corresponds to the writeback table.

The net effect of accumulated changes is displayed to client applications. The original value in the cube is preserved, and an audit trail of changes is recorded in the writeback table.

For more information about write-enabled partitions, see [MSFT-WBPT].

#### 2.2.2 Format and Protocol Summary

The following table provides a comprehensive list of the formats and protocols used in this data portability scenario.

Protocol or format name	Description	Reference
SQL Server Analysis Services Protocol	Specifies methods for a client to communicate with, and perform operations on, an analysis server.	[MS- SSAS]

#### 2.2.3 Data Portability Methodology

Writeback partitions can be identified through SQL Server Analysis Services Protocol [MS-SSAS] or through AMO [MSDN-AMO].

- In SQL Server Analysis Services Protocol, writeback partitions are **Partition** elements that have their **Type** element set to **Writeback**.
- In AMO, writeback partitions are objects of type **Partition** that have their **Type** property set to **PartitionType.Writeback**.

Because the data source bindings of a writeback partition are similar to those of a regular partition, information about the table that is used for storing writeback data can be retrieved through the **Source** property of the writeback partition. In the **TableBinding** type, the table name is stored in the **DbTableName** property.

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### 2.2.3.1 Preconditions

To retrieve information about writeback partitions, the partitions must be accessible on an Analysis Services server by the security principal issuing discovery commands.

#### 2.2.3.2 Versioning

None.

#### 2.2.3.3 Error Handling

None.

#### 2.2.3.4 Coherency Requirements

There are no special coherency requirements.

#### 2.2.3.5 Additional Considerations

There are no additional considerations.

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## 3 Change Tracking

No table of changes is available. The document is either new or has had no changes since its last release.

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