[MS-DPSMDL]: Semantic Model Definition Language Data Portability Overview

Intellectual Property Rights Notice for Open Specifications Documentation

- **Technical Documentation.** Microsoft publishes Open Specifications documentation for protocols, file formats, languages, standards as well as overviews of the interaction among each of these technologies.
- Copyrights. This documentation is covered by Microsoft copyrights. Regardless of any other terms that are contained in the terms of use for the Microsoft website that hosts this documentation, you may make copies of it in order to develop implementations of the technologies described in the Open Specifications and may distribute portions of it in your implementations using these technologies or your documentation as necessary to properly document the implementation. You may also distribute in your implementation, with or without modification, any schema, IDL's, or code samples that are included in the documentation. This permission also applies to any documents that are referenced in the Open Specifications.
- No Trade Secrets. Microsoft does not claim any trade secret rights in this documentation.
- Patents. Microsoft has patents that may cover your implementations of the technologies described in the Open Specifications. Neither this notice nor Microsoft's delivery of the documentation grants any licenses under those or any other Microsoft patents. However, a given Open Specification may be covered by Microsoft's Open Specification Promise (available here: http://www.microsoft.com/interop/osp) or the Community Promise (available here: http://www.microsoft.com/interop/cp/default.mspx). If you would prefer a written license, or if the technologies described in the Open Specifications are not covered by the Open Specifications Promise or Community Promise, as applicable, patent licenses are available by contacting iplq@microsoft.com.
- **Trademarks.** The names of companies and products contained in this documentation may be covered by trademarks or similar intellectual property rights. This notice does not grant any licenses under those rights.
- **Fictitious Names.** The example companies, organizations, products, domain names, e-mail addresses, logos, people, places, and events depicted in this documentation are fictitious. No association with any real company, organization, product, domain name, email address, logo, person, place, or event is intended or should be inferred.

Reservation of Rights. All other rights are reserved, and this notice does not grant any rights other than specifically described above, whether by implication, estoppel, or otherwise.

Tools. The Open Specifications do not require the use of Microsoft programming tools or programming environments in order for you to develop an implementation. If you have access to Microsoft programming tools and environments you are free to take advantage of them. Certain Open Specifications are intended for use in conjunction with publicly available standard specifications and network programming art, and assumes that the reader either is familiar with the aforementioned material or has immediate access to it.

Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
06/04/2010	0.1	Major	First release.

Contents

1	Introduction	4
	1.1 Glossary	
	1.2 References	
•	TIZ References	
2	Data Portability Scenarios	. 5
2	2.1 Third-Party Reporting Platform Consuming SMDL Documents in the Report Server	
	Catalog	. 5
	2.1.1 Data Description	
	2.1.2 Format and Protocol Summary	
	2.1.3 Data Portability Methodology	
	2.1.3.1 Preconditions	6
	2.1.3.2 Versioning	. 6
	2.1.3.3 Error Handling	6
	2.1.3.4 Coherency Requirements	6
	2.1.3.5 Additional Considerations	
2	2.2 Third-Party Reporting Platform Consuming SMDL Documents in SharePoint	6
	2.2.1 Data Description	
	2.2.2 Format and Protocol Summary	
	2.2.3 Data Portability Methodology	
	2.2.3.1 Preconditions	
	2.2.3.2 Versioning	
	2.2.3.3 Error Handling	
	2.2.3.4 Coherency Requirements	
	2.2.3.5 Additional Considerations	
4	2.3 Third-Party Reporting Platform Consuming SMDL Documents in the File System	. 8
	2.3.1 Data Description	
	2.3.2 Format and Protocol Summary	
	2.3.3 Data Portability Methodology	
	2.3.3.1 Preconditions	
	2.3.3.2 Versioning	
	2.3.3.3 Error Handling	
	2.3.3.4 Coherency Requirements	
	2.3.3.5 Additional Considerations	. 9
3	Change Tracking1	0
4	Tudov	•

1 Introduction

The Microsoft SQL Server Reporting Services Semantic Model Definition Language (SMDL) system includes a repository for SMDL documents, such as the Reporting Services report server catalog, Microsoft SharePoint Products and Technologies, or the file system and SMDL documents [MS-SMDL].

SMDL documents represent the definition of a data model. These documents are set or retrieved in the report server catalog by using the SOAP endpoints—ReportService2005 [MS-RSWSRMNM2005], ReportService2006 [MS-RSWSRMSM2006], or ReportService2010 [MS-RSWSRM2010]—or they are opened or saved in a SharePoint library or in the file system.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [MS-RDL]:

report

The following terms are defined in [MS-SMDL]:

data source field model table

The following protocol abbreviations are used in this document:

SOAP: Simple Object Access Protocol

1.2 References

[MS-SMDL] Microsoft Corporation, "Semantic Model Definition Language", June 2010.

[MS-RSWSRMNM2005] Microsoft Corporation, "Report Server Web Service Specification for Report Management Native Mode: ReportService2005".

[MS-RSWSRMSM2006] Microsoft Corporation, "Report Server Web Service Specification for Report Management SharePoint Mode: ReportService2006".

[MS-RSWSRM2010] Microsoft Corporation, "Report Server Web Service Specification for Report Management: ReportService2010".

2 Data Portability Scenarios

2.1 Third-Party Reporting Platform Consuming SMDL Documents in the Report Server Catalog

2.1.1 Data Description

The SMDL [MS-SMDL] document contains the definition of a data model, which contains the metadata description of a data source and its relationships. It includes business names for database fields and tables, relationships between items in the data source, and logical groupings of model items.

This SMDL data is used to generate the queries for retrieving data to be rendered in a report. The SMDL data is stored in the report server catalog when Reporting Services is running in native mode.

This SMDL data is created by Reporting Services Report Manager, by Business Intelligence Development Studio, by a third-party SMDL authoring tool, or by using a text editor.

2.1.2 Format and Protocol Summary

The following table provides a comprehensive list of the formats and protocols that are used in this data portability scenario.

Protocol or format name	Description	Reference
ReportService2005 Web service protocol	This protocol is used to communicate with the report server to execute report server catalog operations. The ReportService2005 Web service protocol is available in Microsoft® SQL Server® 2005 and later.	[MS- RSWSRMNM2005]
ReportService2010 Web service protocol	This protocol is used to communicate with the report server to execute report server catalog operations. The ReportService2010 Web service protocol is available in Microsoft® SQL Server® 2008 R2.	[MS- RSWSRM2010]
Semantic Model Definition Language	This file format is used to represent the metadata description of a data source and its relationships.	[MS-SMDL]

2.1.3 Data Portability Methodology

For this scenario, the documents containing the SMDL data are extracted from the report server catalog one by one and stored in a file on the file system. This is done by using the **SOAP** endpoints that are provided by the report server. In this scenario, the ReportService2005 [MS-RSWSRMNM2005] and the ReportService2010 [MS-RSWSRM2010] SOAP endpoints enable implementers to programmatically extract the data from the report server catalog.

To extract the data from the report server catalog by using Report Server Web services:

- 1. Create a folder on the client machine for storing the retrieved SMDL documents.
- Using a SOAP proxy to access the ReportService2005 Web service or the ReportService2010 Web service, get the list of SMDL documents in the report server catalog by using the **ListChildren**() SOAP Web method.

- 1. For the first call to **ListChildren**(), use "/" as the value for the *Item* parameter. This returns each **CatalogItem** that is at the root level.
- 2. For each **CatalogItem** that is returned, follow these steps:
 - 1. If the CatalogItem is of type Model, store the CatalogItem.Path.
 - 2. If the **CatalogItem** is of type **Folder**, repeat steps 2.1 and 2.2.
- 3. Retrieve each SMDL definition from the report server catalog. For each item path stored in step 2, follow these steps:
 - 1. Call the **GetModelDefinition**() SOAP Web method, passing in the item path as the value for the *Model* parameter.
 - 2. Create a file in the folder that was created in step 1. Use the returned byte array as the contents of the file.
- 4. Use the SMDL documentation [MS-SMDL] to interpret the SMDL data that was retrieved in the previous step for use in the third-party reporting platform.

2.1.3.1 Preconditions

Ensure that the Reporting Services service is started on the server and that the appropriate permissions are granted to the user who is using the ReportService2005 or ReportService2010 SOAP endpoint to access the report server catalog.

2.1.3.2 Versioning

None.

2.1.3.3 Error Handling

None.

2.1.3.4 Coherency Requirements

There are no special coherency requirements.

2.1.3.5 Additional Considerations

There are no additional considerations.

2.2 Third-Party Reporting Platform Consuming SMDL Documents in SharePoint

2.2.1 Data Description

The SMDL [MS-SMDL] document contains the metadata description of a data source, including business names for database fields and tables, defined relationships between items in the data source, and logical groupings of model items.

This SMDL data is used to generate the queries for retrieving data to be rendered in a report. The SMDL data is stored in both the report catalog and the SharePoint library when running Reporting Services in SharePoint integrated mode.

6/11

This data is created by Reporting Services Report Manager, by Business Intelligence Development Studio, by a third-party SMDL authoring tool, or by using a text editor.

2.2.2 Format and Protocol Summary

The following table provides a comprehensive list of the formats and protocols used in this data portability scenario.

Protocol or format name	Description	Reference
Simple Object Access Protocol	This protocol is used to communicate with the report server to execute report server catalog operations.	SOAP
Semantic Model Definition Language	This file format is used to represent the metadata description of a data source and its relationships.	[MS- SMDL]

2.2.3 Data Portability Methodology

Because the data is stored in both the SharePoint repository and the report server catalog, the approach for this scenario is to extract the data by accessing the report server catalog using the steps outlined in section 2.1.3. However, instead of using the ReportService2005 [MS-RSWSRMNM2005] and the ReportService2010 [MS-RSWSRM2010] SOAP endpoints, the ReportService2006 [MS-RSWSRMSM2006] SOAP endpoint is used in this scenario.

The ReportService2006 SOAP endpoint enables implementers to programmatically manage objects on a report server that is configured for SharePoint integrated mode.

To extract the data from the report server catalog by using the ReportService2006 Web services:

- 1. Create a folder on the client machine for storing the retrieved SMDL documents.
- 2. Using a SOAP proxy to access the ReportService2006 Web service, get the list of SMDL documents in the report server catalog by using the **ListChildren**() SOAP Web method.
 - 1. For the first call to **ListChildren**(), use "/" as the value for the *Item* parameter. This returns each **CatalogItem** that is at the root level.
 - 2. For each **CatalogItem** that is returned, follow these steps:
 - 1. If the CatalogItem is of type Model, store the CatalogItem.Path.
 - 2. If the **CatalogItem** is of type **Folder**, repeat steps 2.1 and 2.2.
- 3. Retrieve each SMDL definition from the report server catalog. For each item path stored in step 2, follow these steps:
 - 1. Call the **GetModelDefinition**() SOAP Web method, passing in the item path as the value for the *Model* parameter.
 - 2. Create a file in the folder that was created in step 1. Use the returned byte array as the contents of the file.
- 4. Use the SMDL documentation [MS-SMDL] to interpret the SMDL data that was retrieved in the previous step for use in the third-party reporting platform.

2.2.3.1 Preconditions

Ensure that the Reporting Services service is started on the server, the SharePoint service is running, and that the appropriate permissions are granted to the user who is using the ReportService2006 SOAP endpoint to access the report server catalog.

2.2.3.2 Versioning

None.

2.2.3.3 Error Handling

None.

2.2.3.4 Coherency Requirements

There are no special coherency requirements.

2.2.3.5 Additional Considerations

There are no additional considerations.

2.3 Third-Party Reporting Platform Consuming SMDL Documents in the File System

2.3.1 Data Description

The SMDL [MS-SMDL] document contains the metadata description of a data source, including business names for database fields and tables, defined relationships between items in the data source, and logical groupings of model items.

This SMDL data is used to generate the queries for retrieving data to be rendered in a report. The SMDL data is stored in the file system on the local computer.

This data is created by Reporting Services Report Manager, by Business Intelligence Development Studio, by a third-party SMDL authoring tool, or by using a text editor.

2.3.2 Format and Protocol Summary

The following table provides a comprehensive list of the formats and protocols that are used in this data portability scenario.

Protocol or format name	Description	Reference
Semantic Model Definition Language	This file format is used to represent the metadata description of a data source and its relationships.	[MS- SMDL]

2.3.3 Data Portability Methodology

In this scenario, the SMDL data is stored in the file system as models (*.smdl files). By default, models are saved in the Documents folder for a user on the local machine (in Windows Vista, this folder is C:\Users\username\Documents\). Use the SMDL documentation [MS-SMDL] to interpret the SMDL data in these files.

8 / 11

[MS-DPSMDL] — v20100604 Semantic Model Definition Language Data Portability Overview

Copyright © 2010 Microsoft Corporation.

Release: Friday, June 4, 2010

2.3.3.1 Preconditions

None.

2.3.3.2 Versioning

None.

2.3.3.3 Error Handling

None.

2.3.3.4 Coherency Requirements

There are no special coherency requirements.

2.3.3.5 Additional Considerations

There are no additional considerations.

3 Change Tracking No table of changes is available. The document is either new or has had no changes since its last release.

4 Index

C

Change tracking 10

т

Tracking changes 10